All articles in *Structures* are available free of charge to paying-grade members of the Institution as one of their membership benefits.

The journal is available online at: www.structuresjournal.org

## **Read the latest issue**

The Featured Article for Volume 64 of *Structures* is now available. Lin-Hai Han, Associate Editor, has chosen a paper about dynamic tensile tests on high-strength aluminium alloy at elevated temperatures.

This article is available to read free of charge.

## **Editor's Featured Article**

## Dynamic tensile behaviour of 7A04-T6 aluminium alloy at elevated temperatures

Yang Zhao<sup>a</sup>, Jiajian Cao<sup>a</sup>, Susu Yang<sup>b</sup>, Yong Zhu<sup>b</sup>, Ying Zhang<sup>c,d</sup> and Xiaoqiang Yang<sup>e</sup> <sup>a</sup> Suzhou Automotive Research Institute of Tsinghua University (Xiangcheng), Suzhou, China

<sup>b</sup> School of Civil Engineering, Suzhou University of Science and Technology, Suzhou, China

° China Electric Power Planning & Engineering Institute, Beijing, China

<sup>d</sup> Department of Civil Engineering, Tsinghua University, Beijing, China

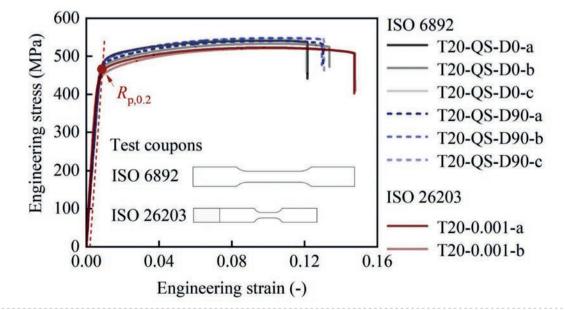
<sup>e</sup> Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, Hung Hom, Kowloon, Hong Kong, China As typical light engineering metals, aluminium alloys are widely employed in modern manufacturing and construction sectors. Among them, 7A04-T6 high-strength aluminium alloy (AA7A04-T6), alloying with Zn, Mg and Cu and manufactured via the T6 temper process, is a good alternative to steel in construction and is now attractive to engineers and researchers. The structural members made from 7A04-T6 high-strength aluminium alloy are also vulnerable to a variety of accidental actions, such as impact and blast which expose the AA7A04-T6 material to both high strain rates and elevated temperature. To date, investigations into the mechanical properties of AA7A04-T6 material under the loading conditions with strain rates and temperatures coupled are still limited. Dynamic tensile tests were

Spotlight on

**Structures** 

conducted under the rate-temperature coupling test conditions in this work, to study the influence of strain rate and temperature on the stress-strain response of AA7A04-T6 material. The ranges of the test strain rate and temperature were from 0.001 s<sup>-1</sup> to 102 s<sup>-1</sup> and from 20°C to 200°C, respectively. Based on the classical Johnson-Cook model and Cowper-Symonds model, a modified model was proposed for AA7A04-T6 material and good agreement is achieved in the comparison between the predictions and the measured stress-strain curves, which could facilitate the relevant fine analysis and resilient design in the future.

 $\rightarrow$ | Read the full paper at https://doi. org/10.1016/j.istruc.2024.106535



## Register for alerts

If you'd like to receive regular updates about new content in Structures, register for email alerts at www.sciencedirect.com.